

PLANT FOR POLLINATORS

A GUIDE FOR THE SOUTHWEST REGION



BEES AND OTHER BENEFICIAL POLLINATORS are disappearing at alarming rates. While we may not know the exact cause of the disappearance, we do know that some pesticides are contributing to their decline. But we also know there are simple things we can each do to help combat pollinator loss. By making simple choices such as choosing to plant pollinator-friendly plants to provide bees forage, we can all help address this crisis.

BEE Protective

*Planting seasons are listed based on approximate times of bloom; some flowers may have times of bloom beyond these seasons.

SPRING AND EARLY SUMMER	MID-SUMMER	LATE SUMMER AND FALL
Baily's Hedgehog Cactus*	Antelopehorns	Alpine Leafybract Aster
Chickasaw Plum*	Butterfly Milkweed	Baldwin's Ironweed
Cobaea Beardtongue	Desert Evening Primrose	Blanketflower
Desert Globemallow	Desert Willow*	Colorado Four-o'Clock
Desert Sand Verbena	False Indigo*	Desert Marigold
Firecracker Penstemon	Leadplant*	Dotted Blazing Star
Lacy Phacelia	Mexican Cliffrose*	Maximilian Sunflower
Ocotillo*	Parry's Agave	Missouri Goldenrod
Parry's Beardtongue	Purple Poppymallow	Silvery Lupine
Spider Milkweed	Sacred Thorn-Apple	Threenerve Goldenrod
Teddybear Cholla*	Showy Milkweed	Western Goldentop
Velvet Mesquite*	Soaptree Yucca*	
	Tree Cholla*	
	White Prairie Clover	

* Tree/Shrub

For more information visit
www.centerforfoodsafety.org
 or email us at
pollinators@centerforfoodsafety.org



**CENTER FOR
FOOD SAFETY**